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NEWS
     1
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
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     5
        NOV 30
                PHAR reloaded with additional data
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        DEC 01
                LISA now available on STN
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        DEC 09
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     7
NEWS 8 DEC 15
                MEDLINE update schedule for December 2004
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        DEC 17
                 ELCOM reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
    10 DEC .17
NEWS
                 COMPUAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
     11 DEC 17
NEWS
                 SOLIDSTATE reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS 12 DEC 17
                 CERAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
     13 DEC 17
                 THREE NEW FIELDS ADDED TO IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB
NEWS
     14 DEC 30
NEWS
                EPFULL: New patent full text database to be available on STN
     15 DEC 30
NEWS
                 CAPLUS - PATENT COVERAGE EXPANDED
NEWS 16 JAN 03
                No connect-hour charges in EPFULL during January and
                 February 2005
NEWS 17 FEB 25
                 CA/CAPLUS - Russian Agency for Patents and Trademarks
                 (ROSPATENT) added to list of core patent offices covered
NEWS 18 FEB 10
                 STN Patent Forums to be held in March 2005
NEWS 19 FEB 16
                STN User Update to be held in conjunction with the 229th ACS
                 National Meeting on March 13, 2005
NEWS
      20 FEB 28
                PATDPAFULL - New display fields provide for legal status
                 data from INPADOC
NEWS 21 FEB 28
                BABS - Current-awareness alerts (SDIs) available
NEWS 22 FEB 28
                MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reloaded
NEWS 23 MAR 02
                 GBFULL: New full-text patent database on STN
NEWS 24 MAR 03
                 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY - Sequence annotations enhanced
NEWS 25 MAR 03
                 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS EXPRESS JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005
NEWS HOURS
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
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             General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN
              Welcome Banner and News Items
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              Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
```

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Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:05:55 ON 08 MAR 2005

=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 6 MAR 2005 HIGHEST RN 843607-47-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 MAR 2005 HIGHEST RN 843607-47-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10004571.str

```
chain nodes :
4 18 19 20 21 22 23 29 31 32 33 34 35 37 38 39
ring nodes :
1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 24 25 26 27
chain bonds :
2-18 3-4 7-32 8-33 8-34 10-31 12-35 13-37 16-38 17-39 18-19 18-20 19-28
22-23 25-29
ring bonds :
1-2 1-3 2-5 3-6 5-9 6-7 7-8 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-14 12-13 13-16 14-15
15-17 16-17 24-25 24-28 25-26 26-27 27-28
exact/norm bonds :
3-4 7-32 10-31 12-35 16-38 24-25 24-28
exact bonds :
1-2 1-3 2-5 2-18 3-6 5-9 6-7 7-8 8-12 8-33 8-34 9-10 10-11 11-14
12-13 13-16 13-37 14-15 15-17 16-17 17-39 18-19 18-20 19-28 22-23 25-26
25-29 26-27 27-28
isolated ring systems :
containing 1 : 24 :
```

G1:H,Ak

G2:H,O

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:CLASS 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:Atom 25:Atom 26:Atom 27:Atom 28:Atom 29:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS 37:CLASS 38:CLASS 39:CLASS

Stereo Bonds:

34-8 (Single Hash).

Page 3

```
Stereo Chiral Centers:
     (Parity=Don't Care)
Stereo RSS Sets:
Type=Relative (Default). 1 Nodes= 8
        STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L1
=> s 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:06:29 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -
                                   68 TO ITERATE
                      68 ITERATIONS ( 4 INCOMPLETE)
100.0% PROCESSED
                                                                4 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS:
                        ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                                **COMPLETE**
                        BATCH
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:
                               866 TO
PROJECTED ANSWERS:
                                 4 TO
                                           200
              4 SEA SSS SAM L1
L_2
=> d scan
                 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     4 ANSWERS
L2
     ITERATION INCOMPLETE
     Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-
     dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl] oxy] -16 - [(1E) -2 - [2 - [[(1,1-
     dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-4-thiazolyl]-1-methylethenyl]-
     5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI)
     C45 H83 N O6 S Si3
MF
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
Double bond geometry as shown.
```

Page 4

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

L2 4 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ITERATION INCOMPLETE

IN Oxacyclohexadec-13-en-2-one, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy
]-6-hydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,6R,7S,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI)
MF C39 H71 N O5 S Si2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L24 ANSWERS ITERATION INCOMPLETE

Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-IN dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl) ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)- (9CI)MF C39 H69 N O5 S Si2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 4 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ITERATION INCOMPLETE

Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-IN

MF

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-13-[(triphenylmethoxy)methyl]-,
(4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)- (9CI)
C58 H83 N O6 S Si2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> s l1 ful FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:06:50 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1517 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1517 ITERATIONS (80 INCOMPLETE) 80 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 80 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 161.76 161.97

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:06:59 ON 08 MAR 2005
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Mar 2005 VOL 142 ISS 11 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Mar 2005 (20050307/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13 L4 57 L3

=> s 14 (and process or prepar? or make or made or synthes?)
MISSING OPERATOR 'L4 (AND'

The search profile that was entered contains terms or nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> s 14 and (process or prepar? or make or made or synthes?) 2057964 PROCESS 1371858 PROCESSES 3060581 PROCESS (PROCESS OR PROCESSES) 1532491 PREPAR? 114913 PREP 2021 PREPS 116735 PREP (PREP OR PREPS) 1917417 PREPD 21 PREPDS 1917432 PREPD (PREPD OR PREPDS) 105866 PREPG 12 PREPGS 105877 PREPG (PREPG OR PREPGS) 2555437 PREPN 198549 PREPNS 2705847 PREPN (PREPN OR PREPNS) 4484517 PREPAR? (PREPAR? OR PREP OR PREPD OR PREPG OR PREPN) 205295 MAKE 158542 MAKES 353602 MAKE (MAKE OR MAKES) 1137640 MADE 23 MADES 1137660 MADE (MADE OR MADES) 1431845 SYNTHES?

57 L4 AND (PROCESS OR PREPAR? OR MAKE OR MADE OR SYNTHES?)

· L5

=> d 15 ibib hitstr abs 1-57

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:454851 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:140221

TITLE:

Multi-step application of immobilized reagents and

scavengers: A total synthesis of epothilone

C

AUTHOR (S):

Storer, R. Ian; Takemoto, Toshiyasu; Jackson, Philip S.; Brown, Dearg S.; Baxendale, Ian R.; Ley, Steven V.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, University of Cambridge,

Cambridge, CB2 1EW, UK

SOURCE:

Chemistry -- A European Journal (2004), 10(10),

2529-2547

CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 141:140221

IT 186692-84-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(total synthesis of epothilone C via asym. synthesis

and stereoselective coupling of heptanone, methylheptenal, and thiazole fragments using immobilized reagents and scavengers)

RN 186692-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

AB The total synthesis of the cytotoxic antitumor natural product epothilone C has provided a stage for the exploitation and further development of immobilized reagent methods. A stereoselective convergent synthetic strategy was applied, incorporating polymer-supported reagents, catalysts, scavengers and catch-and-release techniques to avoid frequent aqueous work-up and chromatog. purification The enantioselective preparation of 3 key fragments heptanone I, (S)-2-methyl-6-heptenal, and thiazole II along with their elaboration via diastereoselective coupling into epothilone C is presented.

REFERENCE COUNT:

122 THERE ARE 122 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ANSWER 2 OF 57 L5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:106102 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:357084

TITLE:

Rapid access to epothilone analogs via semisynthetic

degradation and reconstruction of epothilone D

AUTHOR (S):

Dong, Steven D.; Sundermann, Kurt; Smith, Karen M. J.;

Petryka, Joseph; Liu, Fenghua; Myles, David C.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Kosan Biosciences, Hayward,

CA, 94545, USA

SOURCE:

Tetrahedron Letters (2004), 45(9), 1945-1947

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Elsevier Science B.V.

Journal English

LANGUAGE: 189453-35-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of epothilone D analogs via semisynthetic degradation and ring-closing metathesis and their antitumor activity)

RN 189453-35-8 CAPLUS

Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-CNdimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

AB A facile and efficient route to epothilone analogs has been developed from the natural product epothilone D (I). Degradation of I via an oxidative cleavage sequence provides acid intermediate II rapidly in six steps. From II, a variety of epothilone analogs have been prepared utilizing ring-closing metathesis to reconstruct the trisubstituted-12,13-double bond. Using this approach, we report a number of epothilone analogs with varying C-15 aromatic side chains and C-14 allylic substitutions and their antitumor activities.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:986626 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:379

Ι

TITLE:

Conformation-activity relationships in polyketide natural products. Towards the biologically active

conformation of epothilone

AUTHOR(S): Taylor, Richard E.; Chen, Yue; Galvin, Gabriel M.;

Pabba, Praveen K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry & Biochemistry and the Walther

Cancer Research Center, University of Notre Dame,

Notre Dame, IN, 46556-5670, USA

SOURCE: Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry (2004), 2(1), 127-132

CODEN: OBCRAK; ISSN: 1477-0520

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:379

IT 746637-22-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(conformation-activity relationships in polyketide natural products reveals biol. active conformation of epothilone)

RN 746637-22-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,11-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,11S,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

AB The conformation-activity relationships for the biol. active polyketide, epothilone, have been determined Computer-based mol. modeling and high field NMR techniques have provided the solution preferences for epothilones 1 and 2. For the C1-C8 polypropionate region, two conformational families, conformers 1 and 2, have been identified as having significant populations in polar and non-polar solvents. In the C11-C15 region, addnl. flexibility was observed and two local conformations have been identified as important, conformers 3 and 4. Epothilone analogs with altered conformational profiles have been designed and synthesized. Conformational anal. and the results of biol. assays have been correlated to provide increased understanding of the biol. active conformation for the epothilone class of natural product. Conformation-activity relationships have been shown to be an important complement to structure-activity data.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

43

10/004,571R> ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:434313 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:22063 TITLE: Preparation of 14-methylepothilones for therapeutic use in treatment of cancer and other diseases or conditions characterized by cellular hyperproliferation Myles, David; Sundermann, Kurt; Dong, Steven INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kosan Biosciences, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. --------------WO 2002-US37945 WO 2003045324 A2 20030605 WO 2003045324 A3 20040415 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003134883 A1 20030717 US 2002-304315

US 2001-333465P P 20011126 MARPAT 139:22063

DATE

20021126

OTHER SOURCE(S): IT 189453-35-8P

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 14-methylepothilones for therapeutic use in treatment of cancer and other diseases and conditions characterized by undesired cellular hyperproliferation)

RN 189453-35-8 CAPLUS

CNOxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

AB 14-Methylepothilone compds., such as I [R1 = H, alkyl; R2 = CH2OH, CH2NH2, alkyl; W = O, NH; X = S, O; Y = O, bond], were prepared for use in treatment of cancer and other diseases and conditions characterized by undesired cellular hyperproliferation. Thus, (14S)-14-Methylepothilone D I (R1 = R2 = Me, W = O, X = S, Y = bond) was prepared via a multistep synthetic sequence which included a metathesis/macrocyclization step. The prepared 14-methylepothilones were assayed for activity against several cell lines, such as MCF-7, NCI-ADR and H460.

L5 ANSWER 15 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:157050 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:216592

TITLE:

Procedures for the production of 12,13-

cyclopropylepothilone derivatives, as well as for

their use in pharmaceutical preparations

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

•

Schering Ag, Germany Ger. Offen., 64 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

Page 14

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

7. 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10041470	A1	20020228	DE 2000-10041470	20000818
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2000-10041470	20000818
OTHER COURCE (C).	CACDE	OT 126.2165	00. MADDAM 126.216E00	•

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 136:216592; MARPAT 136:216592

IT 305840-23-7P 305840-28-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 12,13-cyclopropylepothilone derivs. and their use in pharmaceutical compns.)

RN 305840-23-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,9,13-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-7-(2-propenyl)-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 305840-28-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,9,13-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-7-(2-propenyl)-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

GΙ

$$X^{1} = (CH_{2})_{m}^{-O} (CH_{2})_{p}^{R26}$$

$$X^2 = (CH_2)_m - (CH_2)_p R^{26}$$

The present invention describes new 6-alkenyl- and 6-alkynylepothilone derivs., e.g., I [R1a, R1b = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl; R1aR1b = (CH2)r, CH2OCH2; r = 1 - 5; R2a = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl, (CH2)m-C.tplbond.C-(CH2)pR26, (CH2)m-C:C-(CH2)pR26, X1, X2; n = 0 - 5; p = 0 - 3; m = 0 - 4; R2b = (CH2)m-C.tplbond.C-(CH2)pR26, (CH2)m-C:C-(CH2)pR26, X1, X2; R3a = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl; R3b = O-protecting group; R4 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl, halogen, OH, O-protecting group, CN; R5 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl, (CH2)s-T; S = 1 - 4; T = OH, O-protecting group, halogen; R6R7 = C(R33)2, NR32 AY = OC(:O), OCH2, CH2C(:O), NR29C(:O), NR29SO2; DE = CH2CH2, CH2O, OCH2; G = X:CR8-, bicyclic or tricyclic aryl; X = O, (O-alkyl)2, etc.; Z = H, H,OH, H,O-protective group; R8 = H, halogen, CN, C1-20-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl; R14 = H, OH, halogen, O-SO2-alkyl, O-SO2-aryl, O-SO2-aralkyl; R26 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl, C1-10-acyl, OH,

O-protecting group; R29 = H, C1-20-alkyl; R32 = H, C1-4-alkyl, C1-4-acyl; R33 = H, halogen], which interact with tubulins by stabilizing the formed microtubulins (no data). I are able specifically to affect cell division and are suitable, for example for the treatment of malignant tumors ovarial -, stomach -, colon -, adeno -, chest -, lungs -, head and neck carcinoma, malignant melanoma, acute lymphocytic and myelocytic leukemia. In addition I are suitable for the anti-angiogenesis therapy as well as for the treatment of chronic ignitable illnesses (psoriasis, arthritis). For the avoidance of uncontrolled cell rampant growths on as well as the better compatibility of medical implants I can be up and/or brought into polymers materials. According to invention, I can be used alone or for the achievement of additive or synergistic effects in combination with further principles and substance classes applicable in the tumor therapy. Exptl. data from patents PCT/EP00/01333 and PCT/IB00/00657 are reproduced here.

L5 ANSWER 16 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:11427 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:279243

TITLE:

Alkyne metathesis: development of a novel

molybdenum-based catalyst system and its application

to the total synthesis of epothilone A and C

AUTHOR (S):

Furstner, Alois; Mathes, Christian; Lehmann, Christian

W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Max-Planck-Institut fur Kohlenforschung, Mulheim/Ruhr,

45470, Germany

SOURCE:

Chemistry--A European Journal (2001), 7(24), 5299-5317

CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539

PUBLISHER:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: E

Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 136:279243

IT 186692-84-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkyne metathesis, development of a novel molybdenum-based catalyst system and its application to the total **synthesis** of epothilone A and C)

RN 186692-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Sterically hindered molybdenum(III) amido complexes of the general type [Mo{(tBu)(Ar)N}3], e.g. I, upon treatment with CH2Cl2 or other halogen donors, have been converted into highly effective catalysts for all kinds of alkyne metathesis reactions. Although the actual nature of the propagating species formed in situ is still elusive, halogen transfer to the Mo center of I plays a decisive role in the activation of such precatalysts. It was possible to isolate and characterize by X-ray crystallog. some of the resulting molybdenum halide derivs. such as II (R = OMe, X = Cl), II (R = Me, X = Cl) and III which themselves were shown to be catalytically active. Numerous applications illustrate the performance of the catalytic system I/CH2Cl2 which operates under mild conditions and tolerates an array of polar functional groups. The wide scope allows the method to be implemented into the total synthesis of sensitive and polyfunctional natural products. Most notable among them is a concise entry into the potent anticancer agents epothilone A and C. The macrolide core of these targets is forged by ring closing alkyne metathesis (RCAM) of diyne IV, followed by Lindlar hydrogenation of the resultant cycloalkyne thus formed. Since this strategy opens a stereoselective entry into (Z)-alkene V, the approach is inherently more efficient than previous syntheses based on conventional RCM. 169

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 169 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 26 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:138738 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:311010

TITLE:

Synthetic epothilone analogs with modifications in the

northern hemisphere and the heterocyclic side-chain-

synthesis and biological evaluation

AUTHOR(S): End, Nicole; Bold, Guido; Caravatti, Giorgio;

Wartmann, Markus; Altmann, Karl-Heinz

CORPORATE SOURCE: TA Oncology Research, Novartis Pharma AG, Basel,

CH-4002, Switz.

SOURCE: Proceedings of ECSOC-3, [and] Proceedings of ECSOC-4,

Sept. 1-30, 1999 and 2000 (2000), Meeting Date 1999-2000, 1431-1442. Editor(s): Pombo-Villar, Esteban. Molecular Diversity Preservation

International: Basel, Switz.

CODEN: 69AXZT

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE:

RN

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 134:311010

IT 188260-22-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthetic epothilone analogs with modifications in the northern hemisphere and the heterocyclic side-chain-synthesis and

biol. evaluation) 188260-22-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{I} \\ \end{array}$$

The authors have <code>synthesized</code> epothilone analogs, e.g. I, with modifications in the northern hemisphere and the heterocyclic side-chain. In all three cases the key steps for construction of the macrocyclic skeleton involve Yamaguchi macrolactonization, the build-up of the requisite seco-acid through aldol reaction between the C7-C15 aldehyde and the dianion of the O-protected C1-C6 β -hydroxy acid fragment, and the assembly of the C7-C15 aldehyde through the appropriate type of Pd(0)-catalyzed coupling reaction. The IC50 for growth inhibition of the KB-31 tumor cell line for I was 0.45 nM.

REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:254124 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:293600

TITLE: An efficient procedure for the synthesis of

epothilone B, derivatives, and its intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Mulzer, Johann; Mantoulidis, Andreas; Oehler,

Elisabeth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering A.-G., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 32 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE				
DE 19848306	A1 20000420	DE 1998-19848306					
CA 2346493	AA 20000427	CA 1999-2346493	19991014				
WO 2000023452	A1 20000427	WO 1999-EP7746	19991014				
W: AE, AL, AN	i, AT, AU, AZ, BA,	BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH,	CN, CR, CU,				
CZ, DK, DN	1, EE, ES, FI, GB,	GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,	ID, IL, IN,				
IS, JP, K	E, KG, KP, KR, KZ,	LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,	LV, MD, MG,				
MK, MN, MV	, MX, NO, NZ, PL,	PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG,	SI, SK, SL,				
TJ, TM, TF	R, TT, TZ, UA, UG,	US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW,	AM, AZ, BY,				
KG, KZ, MI	, RU, TJ, TM						
RW: GH, GM, KE	E, LS, MW, SD, SL,	SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE,	CH, CY, DE,				
DK, ES, FI	, FR, GB, GR, IE,	IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,	BF, BJ, CF,				
CG, CI, CN	I, GA, GN, GW, ML,	MR, NE, SN, TD, TG					
AU 9964717	A1 20000508	AU 1999-64717	19991014				
AU 763717	B2 20030731						
EP 1121364	A1 20010808	EP 1999-952569	19991014				

EP 1121364	B1	20030108			
R: AT, BE, CH	, DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	, SI	E, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT	, LV,	FI, RO			
JP 2002527521	Т2	20020827	JP 2000-577178		19991014
AT 230751	E	20030115	AT 1999-952569		19991014
PT 1121364	T	20030430	PT 1999-952569		19991014
ES 2189508	Т3	20030701	ES 1999-952569		19991014
US 6605726	B1	20030812	US 2001-807370		20010601
US 2003220503	A1	20031127	US 2003-420716		20030423
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1998-19848306	Α	19981014
			WO 1999-EP7746	W	19991014
			US 2001-807370	A3	20010601
OTHER SOURCE (S).	CAS	DEACT 132.29	3600 - MADDAT 132 - 293600		

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 132:293600; MARPAT 132:293600

IT 189453-35-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis of epothilone B, derivs., and its intermediates)

RN 189453-35-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

AB A new procedure for the production of epothilone B and its derivs. (I) (R = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, methylaryl, etc.) including its intermediates is reported. The method is based upon the stereoselective synthesis of three key structural fragments, C1-C6 (II) (S)-PGO(CH2)2CH(OPG)CMe2COCH2R, C7-C10 (III) (S)-PGOCH2CH(Me)CH2CH2FG, (PG = hydroxyl protecting group, such as TBDMS, etc.; FG = SO2Ph, I, etc.), and C11-C20 (IV) starting with D-valine, TBDPS protected (2S)-methylpropan-1,3-diol and (S)-3-hydroxybutyrolactone, resp. The product, obtained after coupling of III and IV, on reaction with II formed an intermediate which on macrocyclization produced I.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:52387 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:251011

TITLE: Enantioselective total synthesis of

epothilone A using multifunctional asymmetric

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

catalyses

AUTHOR(S): Sawada, Daisuke; Shibasaki, Masakatsu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, The

University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 113-0033, Japan

University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 113-0033, Dapan

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie, International Edition (2000),

39(1), 209-213

CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:251011

IT 186692-84-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(enantioselective total synthesis of epothilone A)

RN 186692-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

AB The enantioselective total **synthesis** of epothilone A was achieved via the catalytic coupling of I and II. The key step in the **preparation** of I was the catalytic cyanosilylation of III. II was **prepared** via a catalytic organic acetalization followed by an aldol reaction.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 35 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:15195 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:64110

TITLE:

The preparation process,

intermediate products and pharmaceutical use of

epothilone derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Buchmann, Bernd; Klar, Ulrich; Skuballa, Werner;

Schwede, Wolfgang; Schirner, Michael; Menrad, Andreas

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering A.-G., Germany SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.																	
									WO 1999-EP4915									
		W:										, BR,						
												, HR,						
												, LT,						
												, SE,						
												, ZW,						
				TJ,														•
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	UG,	, ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,
			ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC.	, NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,
												, TD,						
	DE	1983	0060			A1		2000	0210		DE :	1998-	1983	0060		1:	99806	530`
												1999-:					9990	513
	ΑU	99503	369			A1		2000	0117		AU :	1999-!	5036	9		1:	99906	530
PRIOR	ZTIS	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						DE :	1998-:	1983	0060	Ž	A 1	99806	530
											DE :	1999-:	1992	3001	i	A 1	9990	513
										1	WO :	1999-1	EP49	15	1	W 1	99906	530
OTHER	SC	URCE	(S):			CAS	REAC	T 13	2:64	110;	MAI	RPAT :	132:	6411()			
IT	IT 253448-16-7P 253448-18-9P																	
	RL:	RCT	(Rea	actai	RI: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RA										arat	ionl	· pΔ	

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and pharmaceutical use of epothilone derivs.)

RN 253448-16-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,14-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

253448-18-9 CAPLUS RN

CNOxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,14-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The invention relates to new epothilone derivs. I [Rla, Rlb = H, AB (C1-10-a) aryl, (C7-10-a) rankyl; (C1-10-a) ((C1-10-a)) m = 2 - 5; (C1-10-a)H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-10-aralkyl; R2aR2b = (CH2)n, n = 2 - 5; R3 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-10-aralkyl; R4a, R4b = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-10-aralkyl; R4aR4b = (CH2)m, m = 2 - 5; D-E = CH2CH2, CH:CH,C.tplbond.C, oxirane ring, CH(OH)CH(OH), CH(OH)CH2; R5 = C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-10-aralkyl; R6, R7 = H; R6R7 = O, bond; R8 = C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-10-aralkyl; R25 = H, C1-10-alkyl, C1-10-hydroxyalkyl, C1-10-haloalkyl; X = 0, (OR9)2, C2-10-alkylene- α , ω -dioxy, CR11R12; CX = CH(OR10); R9 = C1-20-alkyl; R10 = H, protecting group; R11, R12 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-10-aralkyl; R11R12 = CH2, C5-7-carbocyclic ring; Y = O, CY = CH2; CZ = CH(OR13), R13 = H, protecting group] which are prepared via cyclization of ketones II [R15 = H, OH halogen, OR15a, OSO2R15b; R15a = H, SO2-alkyl, SO2-aryl, SO2-aralkyl, (CH2)o, CR16aR16b; R15b = H, C1-20-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl; R16a, R16b = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, C7-20-aralkyl; R16aR16b = (CH2)q; o = 2 - 4; q = 3 - 6]. Thus, epothilone derivative III was prepared via macrolactonization of carboxylic acid IV with 2,4,6-trichlorobenzoyl chloride and Et3N in THF followed by deprotection with aqueous CF3CO2H in CH2Cl2. I cooperate with tubulin by stabilizing formed microtubuli.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 36 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:691091 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:310502

TITLE:

synthesis and cytotoxicity of 12,13-modified

epothilone derivatives for use in treatment of tumors

or other hyperproliferative cellular disease

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Vite, Gregory D.; Kim, Soong-Hoon Kim; Hofle, Gerhard

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.																
								WO 1999-US7475									
	W:	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	·BR	, BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
		DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HU	, ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,
		KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV	, MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,
		NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI	, SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,
		UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY	, KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM	
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CH,	CI,	CM	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GA,
		GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	ML,	MR,	NE	, NL,	PΤ,	SE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
											1999-						
US	6399	638			B1		2002	0604		US	1999-	2801	91		1:	9990	329
CA	2329	181			AA		1999	1028		CA	1999-	2329	181		1:	9990	405
										AU	1999-	3471	6		1:	9990	405
	7485																
											1999-					9990	
TR	2000	0303	6		T 2		2001	0122		TR	2000-	2000	0303	6	1:	9990	405
EP	1073	648			A1		2001	0207		ΕP	1999-	9163	83		1	9990	405
	R:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			FΙ														
											2000-					9990	
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :							1998-						
										WO	1999-	US74	75	1	W 1	9990	405
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	131:	3105	02								

OTHER SOURCE(S): IT 247230-54-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and cytotoxicity of 12,13-modified epothilone

derivs. for use in treatment of tumors or other hyperproliferative cellular disease)

RN 247230-54-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-4,8-bis[(triethylsilyl)oxy]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

GI

AB **Synthesis** and cytotoxicity of 12,13-modified epothilone derivs.(I) [R1 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R2 = H if bond double or β OH if bond single; Y = O, NH; X = O, (un)substituted NH, OCH2, 2-methylthiazolo, S, (un)substituted CH2] is presented. Thus, I (R1 = H, X = NH, R2 = β OH, Y = O) (II) is **prepared** by epoxidn. of epothilone C followed by azidation and reductive imination. I are useful in treatment of tumors or other hyperproliferative cellular disease and show IC50 of 0.01-1000 nM in cell proliferation tests.

I

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 45 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:492150 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:216449

TITLE: Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone B

AUTHOR(S): May, Scott A.; Grieco, Paul A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Montana

State University, Bozeman, MT, 59717, USA

SOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (1998), (15),

Themical communications (cambridge) (1990), (197

1597-1598

CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345 Royal Society of Chemistry

Page 27

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

IT 204195-20-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(total synthesis of (-)-epothilone B)

RN 204195-20-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

GI

The sixteen-membered ring macrolide (-)-epothilone B (I) has been synthesized by a route which features stereospecific methylation of an (E)- γ , δ -epoxy acrylate, the use of a double asym.

reaction employing (R,R)-diisopropyltartrate and (E)-crotylboronate, ring closure by means of an olefin metathesis reaction.

REFERENCE COUNT:

1 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 53 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:302059 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:4948

TITLE:

Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone B: an

extension of the Suzuki coupling method and insights

into structure-activity relationships of the

methilener

epothilones

AUTHOR(S):

Su, Dai-Shi; Meng, Dongfang; Bertinato, Peter; Balog, Aaron; Sorensen, Erik J.; Danishefsky, Samuel J.; Zheng, Yu-Huang; Chou, Ting-Chao; He, Lifeng; Horwitz,

Susan B.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory for Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021,

USA

SOURCE:

Angewandte Chemie, International Edition in English

(1997), 36(7), 757-759

CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833

PUBLISHER:

VCH Jour

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 127:4948

IT 189453-35-8P 189453-54-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of epothilone B via a Suzuki coupling and insights into antitumor structure-activity relationships)

RN 189453-35-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 189453-54-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-en-2-one, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-6-hydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,6R,7S,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GΙ

AB (-)-Epothilone B (I; R = Me, X = O) and desoxyepothilone B (I; R = Me, X = Page 30

bond) were prepared via Suzuki coupling of (Z)-vinyl iodide II with borane III. I (R = H, Me, X = O, bond) and the E-isomers of I (R = H, Me, X = bond) were tested for efficacy against drug-sensitive and resistant CCRF-CEM cell lines (IC50 = $0.0004 - 0.262 \mu M$).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 57 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1.5

27

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:72321 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:144023

TITLE:

Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone A

AUTHOR (S):

Balog, Aaron; Meng, Dongfang; Kamenecka, Ted; Bertinato, Peter; Su, Dai-Shi; Sorensen, Erik J.;

Danishefsky, Samuel J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. for Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering

Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021,

SOURCE:

Angewandte Chemie, International Edition in English

(1997), Volume Date 1996, 35(23/24), 2801-2803

CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

VCH

IT 186692-83-1P 186692-84-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(total synthesis of (-)-epothilone A via a B-alkyl Suzuki

coupling followed by closure of the macrocycle with an aldol reaction)

RN186692-83-1 CAPLUS

Oxacyclohexadec-13-en-2-one, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy CN]-6-hydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,6R,7S,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 186692-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-bis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

GΙ

16

AB (-)-Epothilone A was prepared from dithiane I, (R)-glycidol and [(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl]diphenylphosphine oxide via a B-alkyl Suzuki coupling of thiazole II with acetal III followed by closure of the macrocycle with an aldol reaction.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> log y		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	293.28	455.25
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
•	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	` -41.61	-41.61